## **Steps for Solving Linear Equations**

- 1. Remove any parentheses and combine like terms, if possible on each side of the equation.
- 2. Clear any fractions by multiplying all terms on both sides by the LCD (least common denominator).
- 3. Group like terms on each side of the equal sign.
- 4. Isolate the "x-term" (variable) on one side of the equation by adding or subtracting to combine like terms across the equal sign.
- 5. Divide or multiply both sides of the equation by the coefficient of the variable to solve for "x".
- 6. Check the solution by substituting your answer into the original equation wherever you have a variable. If the solution is correct, both sides of the equation will be equal.

**Ex. 1:** 
$$\frac{3}{4}(x-3) = \frac{5}{8}x$$

**Step 1: remove()** 
$$\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{9}{4} = \frac{5}{8}x$$

**Step 2: LCD=8** 
$$8\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) - 8\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) = 8\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)x$$

$$6x - 18 = 5x$$

Step 4: isolate
$$6x - 18 = 5x$$

x-term
 $-6x$ 

$$\frac{-18}{-18} = \frac{-1x}{-1}$$

$$-1$$
  $-1$   $18 = x$ 

$$\frac{3}{4}(18-3) = \frac{5}{8}(18)$$

$$\frac{3}{4}(15) = \frac{5}{4}(9)$$

$$\frac{45}{4} = \frac{45}{4}$$

The Solution is

$$x = 18$$

## Ex. 2:

$$-2(w+3)-3(-3w-2)=-14$$

$$-2w-6+9w+6=-14$$

$$-2w + 9w = -14 + 6 - 6$$

$$7w = -14$$

**Step 5: Divide to solve for** W

$$7w = -14$$

$$w = -2$$

**Step 6: Check** 
$$-2(-2+3)-3[-3(-2)-2]=-14$$

$$-2(1)-3(6-2)=-14$$

$$-2-3(4)=-14$$

$$-2-12 = -14$$

$$-14 = -14$$

The Solution is

$$w = -2$$