## DIVISIBILITY TEST

1. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{2}$ if the last digit is even, i.e. $0,2,4,6$, or 8 .

Example: $\quad 168$ is divisible by 2 since the last digit is 8 .
2. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{3}$ if the sum of the digits is divisible by 3 .

Example: $\quad 168$ is divisible by 3 since the sum of its digits (1+6+8) is 15 , and 15 is divisible by 3 .
3. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{4}$ if the number formed by the last two digits is divisible by 4 .

Example: $\quad 316$ is divisible by 4 since 16 is divisible by 4 .
4. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{5}$ if the last digit is either 0 or 5 .

Example: $\quad 195$ is divisible by 5 since the last digit is 5 .
5. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{6}$ if it is divisible by both 2 and 3 .

Example: $\quad 168$ is divisible by 6 since it is divisible by both 2 and 3.
6. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{8}$ if the number formed by the last three digits is divisible by 8 .

Example: $\quad 7,120$ is divisible by 8 since 120 is divisible by 8 .
7. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{9}$ if the sum of the digits is divisible by 9 .

Example: $\quad 549$ is divisible by 9 since the sum of its digits $(5+4+9)$ is 18 , and 18 is divisible by 9 .
8. A number is divisible by $\mathbf{1 0}$ if the last digit is 0 .

Example: $\quad 1,470$ is divisible by 10 since the last digit is 0 .

