Scientific Notation

For numbers greater than 1		For numbers less than 1	
300000000.0		0.00000250	
3.000000000	Put decimal point to the right of the first non-zero number	0000002.50	Put decimal point to the right of the first non-zero number
8 places 3.0000000000x10 ⁸ 3.0x10 ⁸ This value is the speed of light in m/s!	Count the number of places the decimal point moved left, use number as exponent (×10 ^{left places}) 10 ⁸ This can now be expressed with two digits after removing extra zeros	6 places 0000002.5X10 ⁻⁶ 2.5x10 ⁻⁶ This is the average mass of an ant in kg!	Count the number of places the decimal moved right, use as exponent (x10 ^{right places}) note that it is a (-6) since initial number is less than one Drop the extra zeros
Adding/Subtracting		Multiplying/Dividing	
4.215x10 ⁻² + 3.2x10 ⁻⁴		$(3.4 \times 10^6) \times (4.2 \times 10^3)$ $(3.4) \times (4.2) = 14.28$	Digit terms are
$ \begin{array}{r} 4.215 \times 10^{-2} \\ + 0.032 \times 10^{-2} \\ \hline 4.247 \end{array} $	Convert all numbers to the same power of 10. Add/subtract digits	$10^{(6+3)} = 10^9$	multiplied/divided in the normal way Exponents are added for multiplication (subtracted for division)
4.247x10 ⁻²	Put in scientific notation	14.28x10 ⁹	Combine digits and exponent terms
		1.428x10 ¹⁰	Put in scientific notation
Using the Calculator			
Punch the digit number into your calculator Push the EE or EXP button. Do NOT use the 'x' times button! Enter the exponent number. Use +/- button to change sign.			